## RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 21 1894.

THE GOVERNMENT LOAN WILL PROVE A COMPLETE SUCCESS.

The Amount of Gold Withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury During the Day was \$1.600.000.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20.—The midications are that the present Government loan of \$50,000,000 will/not only prove a complete success, but that the aggregate of the bids will be far in excess of the amount of the bonds to be soid. As fast as received the bids are immediately flast as received the bids are immediately placed, unopened, in the Treasury vanits, so that it is impossible to know in advance of the general opining on aext saturday at noon the names of the bidsers, the amounts bid for, or the prices of the general opining on existing the legend "proposals for the purchase of five per cent, bonds," which being received at the Treasury is far in excess of the number of requests for blank forms of bids is far pleyond expectations. The amount of goid ids, was \$1,99,000, of Which \$500,000 is taken by the Central National Bank, (30) by Watson Bros., and \$460,000 by National Bank of the Republic, he work of getting out the new issue progressing rapidly. The Bureau of nting and Engraving is sending over an oice of new prints each day, and it is a expected that everything will be in diness when the time for opening the

## COMP OF MAINTAINING VESSELS. The Paymaster General's Report an Inter-

period covered by the report the cost of the United State steamship Chicago Grecond rate), was \$10,013; the United States stemship Yorktown (third rate), \$162,907, and the United States steamship Petrel (fourth rate), \$163,502.

There figures afford an approximate idea of the cost of maintaining vessels of the different classes. The cost of the maintenance of the New York navy yard was \$4,501. This amount includes only the cost of officers and clerks and of labor and material applied to the erection, repairs, care, and preservition of the wharts, building and docks.

The report of the naval retiring and examining board in the case of Medical Inspector George R. Brush has been sent to the President by Secretay Herbert, and it is understood that the officer will shortly be placed on the retired list, Inspector Brush entered the service in

## DE, M'COS" BURIED.

#### Elaborate Service Over the Body of the Dis inguished Educator.

the grave President Patton offered er and the Rev. H. G. Hinsdale pro-led the benediction. The body was lowered in a crypt in the president's The pall-bearers were Professor Al-Marquand, William B. Scott, H. F. ern S. R. Winans, H. B. Fine, A. T. ond and H. F. West.

#### MISS WILLARD'S POPULARITY. She is A most Unanimously Re-elected President of the W. C T. U.

President of the W. C. T. C.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 20.—The national convention of the W. C. T. U. elected officers to-day. On an informal bailot Miss Francis E. Willard was tre-elected president by a vote of 386 out of a total of 380. The election was then made formal and unanimous. Representatives of the town of Churchville and county of Monroe, New York, came forward at this juncture and presented Miss Willard with two silver-bound gavels infade from the house where she was born. One of the gavels was intended for herself and the other for Lady Henry Somerset.

Miss Willard made a touching reply, in which she incorporated a glowing eulogy of motherhood.

Miss Willard then thanked the conference for granting her request and creating the office of vice-president at large, and nominated Mrs. Lillian N. M. Stevens, of Maine, who has been recording secretary of the union since ISS. Mrs. Stevens was unanipously elected by a rising vote.

Mrs. Katherine L. Stevenson, of Chi-

vote.

Mrs. Katherine L. Stevenson, of Chicago, was elected corresponding secretary, to succeed Mrs. Woodbridge, de-

Ciara C. Hoffman, former assist ant, was elected recording secretary, and Mrs. Frances Berham, of Kentucky, her assistant. Mrs. Helen M. Barker was assistant. Mrs. elected treasurer.

#### DEMANDS OF THE RAIL ROADS. Want Pay for Transporting Soldiers for

Want Pay for Transporting Soldiers for the Protection of the Reads.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 20.—During the recent strikes mady railroads applied to the Government for protection, and troops were placed on trains and along the disturbed portions of their routes. Now the companies who availed themselves of the troops for the protection of their property are filing bills with the War Department for the transportation of soldiers whose chief duty was to keep their lines open and guard their property. Nothing, it is asserted, was said about charging for carrying troops at the time they were asked for, and it was supposed that the roads would transport them free of cost, as their services were chiefly needed in supporting the interests of the roads. This, however, is not the case, and the railroad companies now want pay for carrying the men who protected their property. The War Department opposes the payment of the charges and it is likely will contest the claims in the courts. The Department, it is said, will raise the point that as the railroads sought protection of the troops they have no right to regard them as ordinary passengers.

## SOVEREIGN REBLECTED.

# The Fowderly Faction Completely Van

qui hed by the K. f.L.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 20.—The Knights of Labor met to-day and received the reports of the Finance Committee, which was approved. Payment of the expenses of the delegates was ordered, involving about \$2,500. The assembly proceeded to the election of officers. Mr. Sovereign was elected without opposition to his old position. Messrs. Bishop, of Massachusett, and Merrill, of Colorado, were nominated for grand master foreman, and Bishop was elected. Secretary-Treasurer Hayes was re-elected over some opposition qui hed by the K. f.L.

Hayes was the top Haying re-elected Grand Master Workman James H. Sovereign, Grand Master Foreman W. J. Rishop and Secretary-Treesurer J. W. Hayes at this morning's session of the General Assembly, the desgates were in a good way to re-elect the whole corps of officers of the preceding term at this evening's session.

Fromptiv at 2 o'clock, the gavel in the

MANY BIDS RECEIVED. hands of Master Workman Sovereign called the afternoon seasion to order. hands of Master Workman Sovereign called the afterneon season to order, and the roll-call found all the delegates in their seats. Nomination of candidates for the Executive Board was in order. The present incumbents were placed before the meeting and were elected with but few dissenting votes. The mornours of the board who received the hearty endorsement of the convention are as follows: J. H. McGuire, Amsterdam, N. Y., H. B. Martin, St. Paul, Minn.; C. A. French, Mariborough, Mass., and James M. Kenny, Omaha, Neb.

#### KILLED AT A RAILWAY CROSSING Iwo Men and a Woman the Victims of a Rending Engine.

Reading Regine.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—A southbound accommodation train on the Chestnut Hill branch of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad ran into a two-norse carriage containing John Horace Meacham, aged seventy years, his wife and Mrs. Harriet Smyth, this morning at the East Washington Lane crossing, in Germantown. Mr. Meacham was killed, as was also Patrick Lacey, aged fifty-seven years, the watchman at the crossing, who seized the horses' heads and endeavored to back them from the track. Mrs. Meacham received a fractured skull and died shortly afterward in the Germantown Hospital.

Mrs. Smyth was slightly injured.
Both horses were killed outright, and the vehicle was smashed to pieces. It is supposed that Mr. Meacham, who was driving the team, did not bear the approaching train and was not aware of the danger until he had driven upon the track. Engineer Morris Lacey states that he did not see the team until within two car lengths of the crossing. He then saw the horses on the track, with the watchman, Patrick Lacey, at their heads and endeavoring to back them. The engineer level the whistle and reversed the locomotive, but the cellision could not be averted, and the watchman and the team were struck and hurled some distance away.

Mr. Meacham was a retired business.

### STARYBU HIMSELF O DEATH.

#### Thomas Trainer, the Convicted Double Murderer, Des in Prison. PENSACOLA, FLA., Nov. 20 .- Thomas

Trainor, the convicted murderer of his divorced wife and her husband, died in the county jail in this city last night of Trainor was tried and convicted at the fall term of court of murder in the first

degree, and was waiting for the sentence of death to be passed when his death occurred. For several weeks he has refused all

food, and at the time of his death weighed only sixty-eight pounds.

#### MISS STEVENS ON SILLNESS, A Daughter of the Vice-President Sick at

# Ashevil e, N. C.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 20.—Miss Mary L. Stevenson, daughter of Vice-President Stevenson, contracted pneumonia on a New England coast last summer and has never fully recovered therefrom. She came here very ill, and her condition is serious, if not critical. One of Miss Stevenson's sisters arrived here Monday and another is expected to-day. The Vice-President is here with his wife, and everything possible is being done for the surfacrine invalid. CONTRACTED ONSUMPTION.

## A Bacteriologist Who Handled the Mi.

## crobes of Tuberculosis,

crobes of Tuberculosis,

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 20.—Dr. Charles
Graham, bacteriologist in the Sterling
Medical College, of this city, has become
affected with consumption through cultivating and handling the microbes of
suberculosis for the purpose of study.

He is a young mun, but has made quite
a reputation as a bacteriologist. It is
supposed that he inhaled some of the
array which, in a dry state, float in the
air.

#### FIRED UPON THE NEGROES, White Laborers Object to Their Presence

white Laborers Object to Their Presence and K. Il bree.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—A special from Birmingham, Ala., says: The white aborers employed at Williams' lumber samp, in Escanabia county, objected to the presence of fifty negroes who had just been brought in, and last night fired them killing three. to a party of them, killing three. The remainder of the negroes fled from he camp. The names of the dead are as

# Cleve and prained His Gout Ankle.

Cleve and prained His Gout Ankle.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The regular Cabinet meeting did not take piace, owing to the absence of the President. When returning to his home at Woodley last evening from a walk the President trod on a small round stone, which rolled away, causing the sprain of one ankle. The sprain was slight, but because it was sustained by the foot which had been affilicted by gout it was so painful that walking was not easy. Mrs. Cleveland drove in this morning and informed the members of the Cabinet that the President is getting along nicely, but walking being still painful, he would not make the trip.

What Fred Pieffer Says

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 20.—In speaking of the blacklisting of himself. Barnie and Buck-inberger, Fred. Pf-sffer says: "The Leaguers said they would pay no attention to us, and now they come forward with a blacklist. Evidently, according to the League ideas, no one has a right to do an independent business or start honest competition. I have played ball for many years, and I have always fulfilled my contracts. I have never acknowledged the reserve rule, and no court will uphold it. The League will simply make itself unpopular, arouse sympathy for us, and weaken its own chances by any such proceedings." What Fred Pieffer Says

## For an Immigration Convention.

For an immigration convention,
MACON, GA., Nov. 20.—The directors
of the Macon Advertising and information Bureau decided to-day to hold a
State immigration convention in this city
at an early date, probably in January,
and the secretary of the bureau has been
instructed to correspond with the proper
parties in every county in the State,
asking that each county arrange to send
a representative on such day as may be
agreed upon.

## Pry Goods Ho se Purned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A big six-story brick store-bouse, at Heatson and Leonard streets, belonging to E. S. Jaffrey & Co., the dry goods firm, was burned to-alght and for nearly an hour the main building of the firm at Broadway and Leonard streets and several valuable buildings surrounding it were also in imminent danger of destruction. Only the strenuous efforts of the firmen averted a terrible conflagration. Jaffrey & Co.'s loss is \$400,000, partially insured.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A plan for the establishment of car service associations by roads forming the Southern Railway and Steamship Association has been formulated, and only awaits the approval of the railroad presidents.

KOLB'S FOOLISH BLUFF. A MOVE SIMPLY FOR POLITICAL EFFECT ABROAD.

He Interviews Himself Again and Scores Gover or June -- senator Morgan Renominated,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Nov. 29 .- THE

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Nov. 29.—Tile general public here seems to attach but little importance to the proclamation of Kolb. They anticipate no trouble whatever, and believe his manifesto is simply for political effect abroad. Kolb was interviewed by his own paper, the Tribune, to-day, and the following is the substance of his remarks:

"I propose to offer the people the opportunity to sto; the Jones kind of government. We wanted a contest law. We asked if of the last Legislature, but in apparent defiance of us a repealed the sections of the Code of 1886 which made some steps toward granting a contest in elections of State officers, and put nothing in the place of those sections covering our demands. No man who knows the feeling of the present Legislature believes that it will do anything to allow an orderly and full contest of the election of Oates, as the Constitution required it to do. The most sacred rights of the people have been outraged, and all that Jones means is, if they do anything to right themselves he will shoot them to death.

"I know the people better than he does,

NOT NOTICED AT THE CAPITOL.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 29.—The manifesto issued yesterday by R. F. Kolb, stating that he had been elected Governor and woulf take his soat on becember lst, fell still-born here. No one has been heard to lizeuzs it or pay the least attention to R.

### SENATOR MORGAN AENOMINATED Makes a Long Speech, in which He Says All

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 20 - Sena-tor Morgan was nominated for re-election is senator to-night by a judicial caucus of the Democratic members of the Legis-

of the Democratic members of the Legislature.

After the nomination the Senator spoke for an hour and reviewed the course of the Democratic party, counselling harmony in the party ranks and assuring them that the result would be all right in 1896. He reiterated his views as to the free coinage of silver, and said his views on the currency question were well known.

The Advertiser printed this morning an interview with Faubeneck, in which he claimed that it was the understanding of the Peoples' party that Morgan was to come to Alabama and stump the State in the interest of free silver and in opposition to Oates, but after making three speeches he changed his mind and worked for Oates.

#### O HOLD ANOTHER BLEC. ION Tom Watson Accepts Congressman J. C. C. Black's Proposition.

Blacks Proposition,

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 29.—Tom. Watson, the Populist candidate from the Tenth (Ga.) district, has accepted Representative J. C. C. Black's offer to settle the controversy whether the Populist or Democrat was elected on November 6th, by trying the thing over again, Black, on the face of the returns, had 7,000 majority, but the same counties in the election for Governor a few weeks previous, gave a decided majority for the Populist candidate. Mr. Black will take the commission as member-elect, but will resign on the 4th of next March, when his term commences, and it is understood that the Governor will order a new election, at which Black and Watson will be the only candidates.

MRN. LOVELL TO THE W. C. T. C.

#### MRS. LOVELL TO THE W. C. T. U. Opposed to Killing Birds and Seals for Hats and Coaks.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 20.—The opening session of the W. C. T. U. Convention was not so well attended as the previous sessions of the convention. On the platform, besides the secretaries, sat Miss Frances E. Wilhard, the president, Mother Thompson, Mother Stewart, Miss Heien N. Barker, treasurer of the Union, and others. Huge bouquets of chrysanthemams graced the platform.

Reports of superintendents were taken up under the evangelistic department, the general topic being "What are the different departments grouped under the head of the evangelistic doing to save from the 8th of intemperance, and what results can each report as contributing to the overthrow of the liquor traffic and the establishment of God's kingdom."

Miss E. W. Greenwood, of Brooklyn, was the first superinterdent to report on the evangelistic therature, of arrangements for simultaneous prayer-meetings in different localities. She resommended a return to the system of holding an hour of prayer from 11 to 12 o'clock, in the morning at the national conventions. Her report was adopted.

Mrs. E. G. Hibben, who was to have reported on proportionate and systematic giving; Mrs. S. A. Morrison, who was to have reported on work in almshouses; Mrs. C. M. Woodward, who was to have reported on work among soldiers and sailors, and Mrs. Mary C. Upham, who have to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among the railw

Mrs. C. M. Woodward, who was to have reported on work among the railway employes; Mrs. Sarah A. McClees, who was to have reported on work among soldiers and sailors, and Mrs. Mary C. Upham, who was to have reported on work among lumbermen, were not present.

Mrs. Minnie English, of Illinois, made a very favorable report concerning work among the miners.

Mrs. Mary F. Lovell, of Massachusetts, reported for the department of mercy, and spoke sgainst the use of birds for the adornment of hats; against killing or seals for use in cloaks, and urged her hearers to look into what she termed the horrors of the slaughter-house. She offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, urging the creation of a sentiment among the young people of the country against the practice of vivisection, which she denounced as cruel and unnecessary for the promotion of sclence.

Rev. Mary Wood Allen next responded for the purity department. She complained of a lack of funds to carry out the work of the department, but otherwise offered an excouraging report. Mrs. C. M. Woodward reported for work among railroad men, barring the interruption caused by the big strike, the work had been very encouraging.

Miss Greenwood, of Brooklyn, was granted an extension of time in which to centinue her report. The noon hour prayer-meeting was besun under the direction of Mrs. R. V. Trego.

## HEPLAYED SHE . D IME How a Military Contractor Fooled His

How a Military Contractor Fooled His

No. Men.

DENVER, COL., Nov. 29.—James W.
Payne, a prominent citizen of Los Angeles and a contractor of cereal supplies
for military posts west of the Mississippi river, was arrested last night at
a hotel in this city on a charge of embezzlement and felony. The arrest was
made at the telegraphic request of Chief
of Police Glass, of Los Angeles.

The specific charge against Payne is
embezzlement of moneys received on account of his contract from chief quartermaster of the department of Colorado,
Major E. B. Atwood, with intent to defraud his bondsmen. Payne has had a
contract for a number of years to supply many military posts in the West with
cereal supplies. His present contract
amounts to over twenty thousand dollars. On his bond, to secure his fulfillment
of the contract, are two prominent citizens of Los Angeles.

It is said that some time ago he borrowed some money of them, promising
them to pay them out of the money received from the War Department. In order that they might be doubly secured
for the loan he gave them power of attorney to open his mail and hold any
drafts or remittances that it might contain. This arrangement seemed perfectly
agreeable to the bondsmen.

According to the detactives who ar-

rested him, and the allegation that is the basis of the criminal charges, Payne, shortly afterwards, on November 17th, wrote to Quartermaster-General Atwood that there were many men of his name in Los Angeles, and, in order that there might be no miscarriage in the delivery of his letters, he directed that future draits might be sent to him at a new address. Major Atwood in reply, sent him a draft for fi.590. His bondsmen did not learn of this transaction on the part of the contractor until their suspicions were aroused by receiving no letters addressed to him bearing the Government stamp. They instituted an inquiry, and learned that one of the reriodical payments on account of the contract was sent to the military headquarters in this city to ascertain the address of Payne. The answer revealed his duplicity, and they took steps to secure them elves. Payne, in the meantime, left California for Colorado. He arrived in this city on Saturday night. He denied the charge of embezzlement strenuously.

"I do not see," he said, "how they can charge me with embezzlement, as I only used my own money. I gave my bondsmen a power of attorney, but that did not prevent me from attending to my personal business, nor subjugate my individual liberties. The drafts were my own personal property, and I cashed them as such.

\*\*HEDGEPEIR GEIN 25 YEARS.\*\*

## HEDGEPETH GEIN 25 YEARS.

by the uprem Court.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Nov. 20.-The

Supreme Court this morning sentenced Marion Hedgepeth to twenty-five years imprisonment in the penitentiary, and the Supreme Court marshal will probably bring him to the prison to-morrow. In the spring of 1862 he, with several other parties, robbed a Frisco express car in St. Louis county of nearly \$1,000 and about \$3,000 worth of valuables. Only a small portion of the plunder has ever been recovered, although numerous efforts have been made to effect some sort of a compromise with Hedgepeth. Hedgepeth is said to have been involved in the life insurance swindles at Philadelphia upon the Fidelity Mutual Life Association by the ublautious H. H. Holmes. Holmes is being claimed as a criminal in nearly every State in the North, and one of the stories published is that Holmes plan of purchasing a body and palming it off as the corpse of & well-insured man was originally suggested by Hedgepeth, who was cheated out of his share of the proceeds.

INDIANAPOLIS. Nov. 20.—Herman Mudget allas Howard, who is under arrest at Boston, charged with swindling the Fidelity insurance Company of Philadelphia, is well known here. In the Circuit Court here to-day suit was instituted against H. M. Howard alias H. H. Holmes alias Herman Mudget, and Georgiann Howard, his wife, by the Fidelity Mutual Life Association for \$10,000. It is said that Mrs. Howard placed the money in the Merchants' National Bank, and a suit in attachment is also brought. Attorney Florea states that Mrs. Howard has \$402 in the bank.

#### DWYER UED FOR SLANDER. David Gidgon Wants \$50,000 for an

# Alleged Liber.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20,—David Gideon, of the racing firm of Gideon & Daly, has brought an action in the Supreme Court to recover \$0.000 damages from Philip J. Dwyer, president of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, for alleged stander. The case will come up on December 3d on an argument to a demurrer of the defendant. The trouble between the men dates from the Vernar a Banquer race at Sheensgead Hay Gideon says that subsequently in the

## MANY MINERS PERISH

#### In An Explosion in toal Works in West Virginia.

Virginia,

STEUBENVILLE, OHIO, Nov. 29.—An explesion occurred at noon to-day in the Blanche coal works, near Colliers, W. Va. Eighteen men were at work in the mine, and it is not thought any of them escaped either death or injury.

Several dead bodies had been taken out up to 3:20 P. M. John Donnelly of Steubenville, and a man named Weich have been identified. Donnelly was blown out of the mine by the force of the explosion.

sion.

This mine blew up several years ago, and a large number were killed. The balance of the miners are probably su-

focated to death.

The coroner of Brooke county, W. Va., went to the scene of the disaster this

## A Savings Bank Forced to the Wall.

PORTLAND, ORE., Nov. 20.—The Port-and Savings Bank falled to open its doors this morning. The lack of public confi-dence and unremitting withdrawals of dence and unremitting withdrawals of deposits are given as reasons for the closing of the bank. O. N. Denny has been appointed receiver, and the bank will go into liquidation. The assets of the bank are given at \$1,650,000; liabilities, \$1,30,000. The closing of the bank was doubtless precipitated by the death of Frank Dekum, the president, about a month ago. The bank first closed its doors in the panic of 1893, but resumed in May of this year, under an agreement with the depositers that they were to draw out quarterly ten per cent, of their deposits. Many depositors refused to sign off under any conditions, and withdrew their deposits when the bank resumed, materially aiding the present suspension.

## Record Lowered by the Sedgemore.

Record Lowerrd by the Sedgemore.

BALTIMORE, MD., Nov. 20.—The record run from the Capes to Baltinore-ten hours and twenty minutes—was to-day lowered five minutes by he steamship Sedgemore, Capiain Bartlett, from Liverpool. The Sedgemore reports that the Cape Charles lightship is adrift about fifteen miles to the south of its usual

## An Ex-Tr asurer Short \$111,320.

An Ex-Ir asurer Short \$111,320.

Fill.SWORTH, KAS., Nov. 20.—For some days past rumors have been rife of a large defalcation in the Elisworth treasurer's office. Investigation by the county commissioners show that James A. Dick, the retiring treasurer, is short in his accounts \$111,320. He is supposed to be in Kansas City, and warrants and requisition papers have been drawn for his arrest.

# The Colt Court of Inquiry.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Nov. 20.—The Ohio National Guard court of inquiry in the Colt case assembled here to-day. The Washington Courthouse Board of Trade sent three attorneys to protect the interests of Fayette county. Sheriff Cook is also here. Testimony will open to-morrow.

C ld "enther in New York, OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 29.—Two inches of snow fell last night.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—To-day is the coldest November day since 1873.

# CH.NA MUST BOW TO JAPAN President Cley land's Offer of M diation

Respectfully Declined.

CAUSES LEADING UP TO THE CLASH.

Japan Gives Out the Official Correspond. ence of the Bone of Contention -More Japanese Victories.

TOKIO, JAPAN, Nov. 20 .- It is learned that the Japanese Government has sent its reply to the note of United States Minister Dun, asking whether a tender Minister Dun, asking whether a tender by the President or the United States of his good offices in the interest or restor-ing peace in the Last would be agree-able to Japan. Before reaching a conclu-sion the Ministry gave the matter con-sideration for several days, and finally stated to Mr. Dun that, although the friendly sentiments which prompted the Government and people of the United States were deeply appreciated, the suc-cess of the Japanese arms nat been syin States were deeply appreciated, the success of the Japanese arms nari been sich that China should approach Japan directly on the subject. In view of the absence of Japanese and Chinese diplomatic representatives at Pekin and Toolo respectively, this would imply that any communication between the two governments would be made through the American ministers to China and Japan, who, since the outbreak of the war, have had in charge the interests of the two countries.

Japanese.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 20.—The Shanghai Mercury publishes a telestam staving mut the Chinese are fleeing from Port Arthor, within fifteen miles of which place the Japanese and Chinese troops have just had an engagement, resulting in a foss of one hundred Chinese and three hundred Japanese.

A British steamer is loading here with rice and munitions of war for the north.

THE CHINESE R THEATING.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The correspondent of the Central News at Tokio telegraphs as follows, under date of Chin-Len: On November 18th, at midnight, Marshall Yamagata reports that General Osako, with his brigade, left Takoshan November 5th for Sinyuen, where he met the Chinese army under General Ma November 18th Original Marshall Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the Chinese, who retreated towards flatting. General Osako began the attack upon the flatting from the plant evidence in the hand of the young man, who was pilaced in charge.

Later the Sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with what the county had reason to expect from its sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with what the county had reason to extend the sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with what the county had reason to expect from its sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with what the county had reason to extend the sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with the sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with the sheriff McCarver was releved to his duty as custom w THE CHINESE BUTHRATING.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A dispatch to the Central News from Shanghai says severe fighting is reported to have taken place at Port Arthur November 19th, the Japanese having massed their troops there. An English merchant captain named McClure has been made vice-admiral and has joined the Chinese fleet. He was appointed by Tsung-Li-Yamen.

Two trained men and two women of the Red Cross Society recently started for the seat of war. The ladies were obliged to turn back, as the Chinese refused to guarantee them protection. They strongly resented the humanity of their mission, but Sheng, tatolia of Tien Tsin said to them, "We don't want to gave any wounded Chinese."

tween the countries up to a few days be-fore the war. The letters run from June 7th to July 14th, and are numbered from

No. 1 is from Wang, Chinese Minister to Japan. It informs Japan that a telegram has just been received from 1a Hung Chang, stating that the Corean Government has requested China to send troops to suppress a rebellion of the Tong-Haks.

Viceroy I.i, it says, considers the rebellion serious, and therefore complies with the request for troops to protect "our tributary State," first notifying Japan in accordance with a treaty provision that each shall inform the other before entering corea.

No. 2 is from Mutsu, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Japan. It very pointedly states: "In reply I beg to declare that, although the words of "tributary State" appear in your note, the Japanese Government have never recognized Corea as a tributary State of China."

No. 3 is a notice from the Japanese Government that it intends sending troops to Corea to suppress the rebellion. Corea to suppress the rebellion CHI H ...

In No. 4 China shows her teeth for the first time. It is a letter from the Tsung Li Yamen, the Chinese Cabinet, to the Japanese Minister at Pekin. The letter expressed surprise that Japan should send troops to Corea when it has not been so requested by Corea.

It adds the following significant 'ansures:

requested by Corea.

It adds the following significant 'angurge:

"The sole object of your country in sending troops is evidently to prote: the legation, consulates and commercial people in Corea, and consequently it may not be necessary on the part of your country to dispatch a great number of troops, and, besides, as so application therefor has been made by Corea it is requested that no troops shall proceed to the interior of Corea so that they may not cause alarm to her people. And, moreover, since it is feared that in the event the soidiers of the two nations should meet on the way, cases of unexpected accident might occur, owing to the difference of language and military etiquette, we beg to request, in addition, that you will be good enough to telegraph the purpose of this communication to the Government of Japan."

No. 5, is Japan's answer to the Tsung Li Yamen, in which Japan also shows her teeth, it says:

"As to the rumber of troops to be sent to Corea the Japanese Jovernment are compelled to exercise their own judgment. Although no restriction is placed upon the movement of the Japanese troops in Corea, they will not be sent where their presence is not deemed necessary. The Japanese troops are under strict discipline, and the Japanese Government are confident that they will not precipitate a collision with the Chinese forces. It is hoped that China has adopted similar precautions."

OFF'R TO B ADJU T COR A. No. 6 is an offer of the Japanese Government to join China in a joint readjustment of Corea on modern lines.

No. 7 is China's rejection of the offer, in which she says: "The idea may be excellent, but the measures of improvement must be let' to Corea herself."

No. 8 is from Japan to China, stating that Japan cannot longer disregard the law of self-preservation, which impels her to reform the deplorable conditions of Corea at the root of her frequent rebellions.

No. 8 is also from Japan to China, stating the conditions of Corea at the root of her frequent rebellions.

of Corea at the root of her frequent rebellions.

No. 9 is also from Japan to China, stating that as China has declined to join in the administrative reform of Corea, the only conclusion deducible is that the Chinese Government is disposed to precipitate complications.

This closes the correspondence, the last letter being dated eleven days before Japan sank the Chinese transport Kow Shing, carrying the Chinese troops to Corea. Japan's declaration of war followed six days later.

The I re band at d England, BERLIN, Nov. 20.—The Cologne Gazette prints a long reply to the article which appeared in the London Standard on November 18th, analyzing the position of Germany in Europe, and defining the

# relations of the Dreibund to Engiand. The Gazette denies the assertion that the Dreibund is dissolving because Italy thinks Engiand's help is needed. On the contrary, the Dreibund is illmer since Engiand's maneuvres. The fact is that anglo-German relations have become very much worse of late. Germany, the Gazette declares, will not endure England as an obstacle in her coionial policy. England knows that Germany has both the strength and the will to prevent any such action.

## SHORE HE WAS AN INFIDEL.

#### Plan of the Chief W.mess in a Lynching Case to avoid Testifying.

Case to avoid To tilying.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 20.—The trial of the accused lynchers, Smith and Richardson, became intensely interesting vesterday when "Butch" McCarver, the son of the Sheriff and the witness upon whom the State relied mainly to secure a conviction, went on the stand and declared he had no belief in a food or a hereafter, thereby rendering himself incompetent as a juror in this State. The judge withheld a ruling on the admission of his testimony until to-day. If it is against the admittance of the testimony the State will likely throw over the case.

Up to this interruption the case had progressed quite favorably for the State. Its sole reliance for a conviction lay in circumstantial evidence and in Butch McCarver. Before the lynching he had been invited by Smith and others of the thirteen accused men to join the party. Butch McCarver is filterate and a butcher by trade.

When invited he did not agree at once.

by trade.
When invited he did not agree at once,

When invited he did not agree at once, but consulted a friend, thus Hoffman, another butcher, who advised him, on account of the position his father held as sheriff of the county, not to take part in the lynching. He did not take this advice, and prepaged to go along with the lynchers. Learning of this Hoffman told the young man's father, Sheriff McCarver, who ordered the son to stay at home, and he was thus prevented from being in at the killing.

After the lynching, when the grand jury began its investigation, and it looked as if the case would have to be dropped for lack of evidence, "Burtch" was summoned before that body, and swore that he had not been invited to take part in the affair. Later on he was again summoned before that body, where he was confronted by Hoffman, and then he broke down and told everything. Upon his testimony the thirteen men accused of the lynching were indicted, and working from the clue the grand jury was able to present a mass of evidence.

During all this time the conduct of Sheriff McCarver was greatly at variance with what the county had reason to expect from its shariff.

#### LIBERS DEMURRER OFERRULED. Officers O'To- je and Frinck Delivered Over to the District Attorney.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Ex-Police Sergeant George C. Labers was arraigned before Judge ingraham, in the Court of eyer and Terminer, this morning on charges of bribery in seven different cases. Lawyer Jenks, his counsel, precharges of bribery in seven different cases. Lawyer Jenks, his counsel, presented a demurrer, setting forth that the charges against Libers were not crimes in the meaning of the State statutes. The demurrer was overruled, and Libers pleaded not guilty.

Police Detective Sergeant William Frinck, who was indicted by the grand jury last Friday, delivered himself up to the District Attorney this morning. He is charged with bribery. The testimony against him was secured through the evidence brought out before the Lexow ownmartee, in connection with the illegal practices of Dr. Whitehead. Frinck is accused of having accepted \$500 from Dr. Whitehead, in consideration of allowing the Doctor to escape the legal consequences of his acts.

Shortly after the arrest of Frinck, Sergeant O'Toole was brought in on the

## THREW A PACKAGE AT THE CZAR. An Exciting Incident that Occurred on

An Exciting Incident that Occurred on Law bund v

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Standard's correspondent in St. Fetersburg teils of an incident that occurred in the crowded street on last Sunday afternoon:

"Having with some difficulty fought my way out of the crowd I went to the Mittinsky bridge, near the Bourse. Upon my right, in the front rank of the spectators, stood a man of about forty-five years, dressed as a peasant and wearing a long beard. At 2.55 c'clock a closed State carriage passed, mmediately followed by the Czar Nicholas and the Grand Duke Michael 'n an open victoria. As they passed at a gentle trot, the man above mentioned, with a couple of bounds, sprang into the road, and, thrusting one hand under the breast of his coat, withdrew a packet, which he threw at the Czar, at whose feet it fell.

The Czar started back, then coolly picked up the packet. The excitement of those standing around was at the highest point, everybody belleving that an attempt had been made upon the Czar's life. Instantly a dozen bystanders selzed the offeder, and he was hustled off by gendarmes to the guard house.

The entire occurrence occupied less

the offender, and he was hustled off by gendarmes to the guard house.

The entire occurrence occupied less time than it takes to write it. The Czar's carriage drove on amid the murmurs of the crowd. Subsequently it was announced that the packet contained a petition, and that the Czar had accepted the petition. Whether it was an ordinary petition is open to some doubt, the extraordinary coolness and adroitness of the man having raised a suspicion that his peasant's dress was a disguise. Although many persons witnessed the occurrence, there is not a word about it in any of the papers."

#### M'CARDER PERSISIS. But the Judge Has Not as Yet Decided That

He is Incomp tent.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 20.—The question of the inability of Butch McCarver, crief witness for the prosecution in the lynching cases, was discussed in the Criminal Court to-day. Judge Cooper held that he had not concluded that McCarver was incompetent, though he had avowed his unbellef. McCarver was brought out of full and re-examined, but he persisted in all of his statements of yesterday, which were to the effect that he was a confirmed infiel. Dr. S. L. Willford swore McCarver had told him of his infidelity several years ago. Sheriff McCarver was placed on the stand. An attempt was made by the defence to make him admit his son's deprayity. He broke down and wept. He said he had tried to raise his boy properly, but admitted that it was a failure. If McCarver is declared to be incompetent the case will fall through, as the entire theory of the prosecution is based on his confession of the invitation he had from Smith and others to join the party of lynchers. Further arguments on the admissibility of witness' testimony were heard this afternoon.

# Judge 1, 1, Famel S of De d. JONESBORO, ARA., Nov. 20—Yesterday afternoon Judge J. D. Farrell and Arney Seymour quarrelled on the street. A fight ensued, in which Seymour was hadly beaten, Friends interfered and separated the combatants. Seymour secured a revolver, and, returning to the scene of the fight, shot Judge Farrell dead. The murderer was arrested.

Pulare of the Raj h Taken. AMSTERDAM, Nov. 20.—Dispatches received to-day from the Island of Lombok announce that the Dutch troops captured the Palace of the Rajah of Lombok and the rebellious Ealinese are inclined to submit. Two Dutch officers and nineteen soldiers were injured by the explosion of a powder magazin.

## SICILY STILL SHAKING

VOLCANO OF STROMBODY NEAR IN A STATE OF ERUPTION.

Reports from the Stricken Province A gravate the Number of Death- and the Amount of D.mage Dong.

ROME, Nov. 20 .- The earthquake's shocks continue at Milazzo, on the north coast of the Island of Sicily, and the fact that the volcano of Strombody is nearly in a state of eruption is accepted as proof that the disturbances are of voi-canic origin. The inhalitants of Minaza-continue in a state of the greatest ter-ror. They are living in huts hashiy erect-

# ed in the fields. Elsewhere the feeling of alarm is sub-siding and business is resuming its not mal course.

Reports from the Province of Resgio de Calabria aggravate the number of deaths and the amount of damage done. Two hundred corposes have been extricates from the runs of houses at San Frocopio, of which number forty-eight boues were found beneath the runs of the church. The runber of persons injured is said to be enormous.

It is estimated that the damage done to buildings at Paimi, not counting the loss incurred in furniture destroyed, will amount to two million lire. Fifteen buildings collapsed entirely, and 300 others are irreparably damaged. Every house in the town has suffered more or less, and not one remains habitable. town has suffered more or less, and not one remains habitable.

MANY DEATES REPORTED

At Palmi six persons were killed and over 300 were injured. The communes of Deliabova and Polistena suffered equally, but no deaths are reported.

Eight persons perished at Seminara and 200 people were injured. The tombstones and mortuary chapels in the cemetery were completely shattered. The villages of Barapoeri and Safita were destroyed. In Reggio itself, the post-office, prefecture, town hall, court-house and prison were aimost wrecked. Cases were early to-day in the open yard attached to the court-house, and the prisoners were placed on board ships, where they will be kept until the prison is repaired.

## "THE EXECUTIONER OF POLISE." The Irrepressible Jules Guesde Thus styles

The Irrepressible Jules Guesde Thus styles the La c Cr. .

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The committee of the Chamber of Deputies to which the matter was referred has made a report aceding to the demands of the Government for a credit and exchange of sanction to the French expedition against Madagascar.

At to-day's session of the Chamber a Socialist deputy, the irrepressible Jules Guesde, created an uproar by denouncing the late Czar Alexander III. as the executioner of the Poles. He obtained the recognition of the President to offer a interpelation to the Government, demanding a statement as to the reason for governmental cancellation of the decision of the municipal authorities of Roubaix to establish in that town a cost price drug-store and a number of law offices, wherein workingmen could obtain legal counsel at a nominal cost.

In pursuing his demand, Guesde declared that the various municipalities still seemed to be subject to rulers such as Kaiser's and Czar's. The speaker was interrupted by several deputies, but continued by saying, "One may be French without being Cossack."

M. Habert shouted: "You don't represent the French workingmen," whereupon Guesde retorted that: "Workingmen will not forget the executioner of Poland."

COMMING MARRIAGE OF THE CZAR. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The Offi-cial Messenger says: "The people have now taken the oath of fealty to a young and strong Emperor, and the day is near when we will be called to the mar-riage of our sovereign, who will thus fulfill his own and his departed father's choice."

## A GERMAN CONQUEST.

## They Capture an Ea t African Town and Liberate Slaves.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.—The Government is a receipt of information that the Gerin receipt of information that the Germans in East Africa, on October 30th, stormed and took possession of the town of Kuirenga, the capital of the Wahehe territory. In the fight handreds of natives were killed. The Germans lost one officer and eight soldiers.

The victors found in the town a large quantity of rifles, cattle and a large quantity of rimmunition, etc. They also illberated 1,500 male and female slaves.

COLOGNE, Nov. 20.—Baron von Wissman, the African explorer and former German commissioner in East Africa, was married to-day to Fraulen Hedwig Langer, daughter of a wealthy Kanufacturer of this city.

THE MASSACRE CONFIRMED. Many Kurds who l'efused to Assist in he ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The Government has received dispatches from

# Sussoum massacre of Armenians. The Turkish soldiers killed many Hurds who refused to help them kill the Christians.

he Queer's in ling ficalt LONDON, Nov. 20.—Labouchere's Truth says in a paragraph concerning the Queen's health:
"Her Majesty has aged very much during the autumn, and can walk only a few steps, owing to recurring rheumatism in the knees."

the knees."
Truth also confirms the report of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha's illness. He is said to be suffering from neuralgia, eczema and internal troubles. OAXACA, MEX., Nov. 29.—The situation in the Guatemaish and Mexican borders is very threatening, and it is believed that the Guatemaian troops are preparing to make an aggressive movement against Mexico within the next few days, as the different regiments are being drawn together. A feeling of great apprehension exists among the people of the States of Tabasco, Chiapas and Oaxaca, which are situated on the border, over the threatened invasion, and many settlers are leaving the turbulent section pending a settlement of the difficulty.

opnit . Wan Ret linte. Ancolan, NEB., Nov. 20.—The Populist State Central Committeemen spring a surprise on their Republican brethren yesterday, when they announced that in the event of the Kepublicans contesting the election of Judge Holcombe, as Governor, they would retain the yeometric they would retain the by contesting the election of every Republican candidate. At Independent headquarters yesterday evening Congressing Bryan, each of the committee of the properly of the rest of the Republican State tickot, aside from Majors, has not heretofore been questioned.

A \$100,000 Ar in Cat g.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Fire broke out if
the fashionable Victor flats at Fortyfourth street and Greenwood avenue, this
afternoon, and communicated to the Knobuilding, causing an estimated loss of
\$100,000. No life was lost, but there we
many narrow escapes. The buildings cutained 250 people when the fire broke
out, and a dozen half-suffocated wome
and children were carried out by the
firement and police.

WEATH R PORECASE WASHINOTON, D. C., Nov. 20.—For Virginia: Fair, except showers near the coast; warmer; east to south winds. For North Carolina: Showers on the coast in the early morning and probably showers in the evening; warmer on coast south winds.

RANGE OF THER O . BR.

Following was the range of the the mometer at The Times office yesterday 9 A. M., 36; 12 M., 56; 3 P. M., 47; P. M., 46; 9 P. M. 43; midsight 4 Average, 48.